FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH AUDITOR'S REPORT

MARCH 31, 2015





To: The Board of Directors

John Howard Society of Kingston & District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the John Howard Society of Kingston & District, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015 and the statements of revenue and expenditures, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the organization's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the John Howard Society of Kingston & District as at March 31, 2015, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Kingston, Ontario June 4, 2015 Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

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(Incorporated as a not-for-profit organization under the laws of the province of Ontario)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT MARCH 31, 2015

		2015	2014
	ASSETS		
Current			•
Cash		\$ 89,304	\$ 109,727
Accounts receivable		103,541	26,827
HST rebates recoverable		39,092	17,821
Prepaid expenses		95,583	12,383
		327,520	166,758
Capital assets - Note 2		1,139,619	_1,138,971
		<u>\$ 1,467,139</u>	<u>\$ 1,305,729</u>
	LIABILITIES		
Current			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		84,953	43,455
Government remittances payable	•	-	11,851
Deferred revenue - Note 4		43,327	<u> 19,775</u>
		128,280	75,081
Deferred contributions related to capital asset	s - Note 5	925,838	959,304
		1,054,118	1,034,385
	NET ASSETS		
Investment in capital assets - Note 6		213,781	179,667
Unrestricted		199,240	91,677
		413,021	271,344
		<u>\$ 1,467,139</u>	<u>\$ 1,305,729</u>
Approved on behalf of the Board			
Director			
Director			



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

	2015 Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted Total
Balance - beginning of the year Excess (expenditures) revenue for the year Investment in capital assets	\$ 179,667 \$ 91,677 \$ 271,344 (18,077) 159,754 141,677
Balance - end of the year	<u>\$ 213,781</u>
	2014
	Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted Total
Balance - beginning of the year	\$ 187,546 \$ (6,373) \$ 181,173
Excess (expenditures) revenue for the year	(8,555) 98,726 90,171
Investment in capital assets	<u>676</u> <u>(676</u>) -
Balance - end of the year	<u>\$ 179,667</u>



STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

	2015	2014
Revenue		
Government funding - Provincial	\$ 1,566,492	\$ 1,004,034
- Municipal	32,300	43,066
- Federal	3,079	2,948
John Howard Society of Ontario	15,881	21,174
John Howard Society of Canada	9,000	-
Rental income	223,240	154,724
Apartment rental income	6,391	7,179
Fund-raising	22,871	15,856
Memberships and donations	2,072	2,774
Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation grant	10,000	- -
Miscellaneous .	88	784
Amortization of deferred contributions - Note 5	43,466	44,792
	_1,934,880	1,297,331
Expenditures	^	
Advertising and publishing	92,176	39,296
Amortization of capital assets	61,543	53,347
Apartment rent and maintenance	2,709	6,431
Bank charges and interest	1,112	688
Client costs	11,688	962
Fund-raising	3,593	2,895
Insurance	8,171	7,948
Mileage, travel and conferences	20,253	24,823
Office	49,639	48,060
Professional fees	14,224	15,313
Program support payments	376,467	197,973
Rent	84,681	44,625
Repairs and maintenance	30,871	23,035
Salaries and benefits	954,897	684,433
Staff development	20,549	16,549
Telephone and utilities	60,630	40,782
	1,793,203	_1,207,160
Excess revenue for the year	<u>\$ 141,677</u>	<u>\$ 90,171</u>



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

	2015	2014
Cash provided by operating activities Excess revenue for the year	\$ 141,677	\$ 90,171
Item not requiring an outlay of cash:		
Amortization of capital assets	61,543	53,347
Amortization of deferred contributions	(43,466)	<u>(44,792</u>)
	<u>159,754</u>	98,726
Net changes in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable	(76,714)	2,152
HST rebates recoverable	(21,271)	(4,770)
Prepaid expenses	(83,200)	(1,124)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	41,498	3,550
Government remittances payable	(11,851)	2,669
Deferred revenue	23,552	15,554
	(127,986)	18,031
Cash flows from operating activities	<u>31,768</u>	<u>116,757</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of capital assets	(52,191)	<u>(676</u>)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of bank overdraft	-	(6,354)
Net (decrease) increase in cash for the year	(20,423)	109,727
Cash at the beginning of the year	109,727	
Cash at the end of the year	<u>\$ 89,304</u>	<u>\$ 109,727</u>



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

John Howard Society of Kingston & District is a not-for-profit organization and is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act of Canada. The organization's purpose is to provide effective, just and humane responses to crime and its causes. To further this mission, the organization provides a wide range of community based services in the areas of employment, housing and court services, as well as providing prerelease planning and support to individuals serving time in Kingston's correctional institutions.

1. Significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for notfor-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies.

a) Financial instruments

The organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value. The organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost. Changes in fair value are recorded in the statement of revenue and expenditures.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash and accounts receivable. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

b) Revenue recognition

The organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenditures are incurred. Contributions for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related capital assets.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Fund-raising, membership and donation revenue is recognized when received.

Rental revenue is recognized when earned on a monthly basis.

c) Amortization

Land and building are recorded at the assessed value in November, 2004 when ownership was transferred from the John Howard Society of Ontario to the organization. Other capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is provided using the straight-line method over the following terms:

Building	35- 40 years
Furniture and equipment	5 years
Computer hardware	2 years

Leasehold improvements are amortized over 11 years using the straight-line method which represents the term of the lease plus one renewal term.

Building renovations have been recorded at cost. The renovation project involved constructing nine bachelor units in the basement of the building and was completed during 2011.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

Significant accounting policies (continued)

d) Donated materials and services

The work of the organization is dependent on voluntary services of staff and board members. Since these services are not normally purchased by the organization and because of the difficulty of determining fair market value, donated services are not recognized in the financial statements.

e) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures during the reported period. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Significant estimates include accrued liabilities and the amortization period of capital assets.

2. Capital assets

		2015		
		Accumulated		2014
	Cost	<u>Amortization</u>	<u>Net</u>	Net
Building	\$ 87,200	\$ -	\$ 87,200	\$ 87,200
Furniture and equipment	1,177,215	162,405	1,014,810	1,032,374
Furniture and equipment	87,292	77,520	9,772	16,143
Computer hardware	37,032	31,610	5,422	3,254
Leasehold improvements	24,657	2,242	22,415	
	<u>\$ 1,413,396</u>	<u>\$ 273,777</u>	\$ 1,139,619	<u>\$1,138,971</u>

3. Bank credit facility

The organization has a line of credit with a limit of \$75,000 (2014 - \$75,000) of which nil (2014 - nil) was drawn down at year end. This facility is secured by a general security agreement and interest is charged at 8%.

The organization also has credit cards with a limit of \$3,000 (2014 - \$3,000), of which nil (2014 - \$1,356) was utilized at year end and included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

4 Deferred revenue

	2015	2014
City of Kingston - Intake funding	\$ -	\$ 3,589
MTCU - YEF funding	42,820	-
Ministry of the Attorney General - Bail start-up	-	15,604
McDougall Memorial Fund	507	582
	\$_43,327	\$ 19,7 <u>75</u>



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

5. Deferred contributions related to capital assets

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represent restricted contributions with which the organization purchased capital assets. The changes in the deferred contribution balance for the year are as follows:

	2015	2014
Balance - beginning of the year	, \$ 959,304	\$ 1,000,337
Add: Amounts received during the year Less: Amounts amortized to revenue	10,000 (43,466)	3,759 <u>(44,792</u>)
Balance - end of the year	<u>\$ 925,838</u>	<u>\$ 959,304</u>

In 2011, funding was received from the City of Kingston in the amount of \$859,912 in the form of a 35 year forgivable loan. The forgiveable loan balance is included in the balance of deferred contributions above and is being recorded as forgiven in equal annual amounts over 35 years.

6. Net assets invested in capital assets

	2015	2014
Capital assets	\$ 1,139,619	\$ 1,138,971
Less: Deferred contributions related to capital assets	<u>925,838</u>	<u>959,304</u>
	<u>\$ 213,781</u>	<u>\$ 179,667</u>

7. Commitments

The organization leases two premises under the terms of lease agreements, one of which expires on October 31, 2015. The organization also leases office equipment. Future annual minimum payments, including the non-recoverable portion of the HST, are as follows:

2016	\$ 66,368	3
2017	64,749)
2018	64,749)
2019	66,997	7
2020	70,145	<u>.</u>
	\$ 333,008	₹

8. Defined contribution pension plan

The organization is a member of a multi-employer defined contribution pension plan available to all full-time and permanent part-time employees working 20 hours or more weekly upon completion of two years of service. There are no prior service costs associated with the plan. The organization's contributions for the period included in salaries and benefits were \$9,216 (2014 - \$3,221).



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

9. Financial instruments risks

The organization is exposed to the following risks relating to its financial instruments. The organization monitors these risks on an on-going basis through normal operations.

a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing tro discharge an obligation. The organization is exposed to credit risk resulting from the possibility that parties may default on their financial obligations, or if there is a concentration of transactions carried out with the same party, or if there is a concentration of financial obligations which have similar economic characteristics that could be similarly affected by changes in economic conditions, such that organization could incur a financial loss. One funding entity comprises 83% (2014 - 76%) of accounts receivable, which is not considered a significant credit risk as a signed agreement is in place.

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the organization will not be able to meet a demand for cash or fund its obligations as they come due. The organization meets its liquidity requirements by preparing and monitoring detailed forecasts of cash flows to meet temporary fluctuations in cash requirements. At March 31, 2015, the bank facility had not been drawn upon.

Changes in risk

There have been no changes in the organization's risk exposure from the previous year.

